

#### \_Features

- Constant Current Regulation for Even LED Illumination
- ♦ Up to 88% Efficiency Driving Six LEDs
- Analog or PWM Dimming Control of LED Intensity
- Small, Low-Profile Components
- ♦ 2.7V to 5.5V Input Range
- Tiny TDFN 3mm x 3mm IC Package
- Fully Assembled and Tested

## Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	IC PACKAGE	
MAX1553EVKIT	0°C to +70°C	8 TDFN 3mm x 3mm	

## Component List MAX1553 Circuit

DESIGNATION	QTY	DESCRIPTION
D1	1	30V Schottky diode (SOD-123) Toshiba CRS02
D2–D17	16	White LEDs Nichia NSCW215T
D18	1	60V, 1A Schottky diode (SMA) Central CMSH1-60M
JU1, JU9	2	2-pin headers
JU2, JU8	2	3-pin headers
JU3	0	Not installed, PC board open
JU4–JU7	0	Not installed, PC board short
L1	1	33µH inductor TOKO A920CY-330M (D62CB)
L2	1	15µH inductor TOKO A920CY-150M (D62CB)
R1, R6	2	10.0Ω ±1% resistors (0603)
R2	1	200k $\Omega$ ±5% resistor (0603)
R3, R4	2	$10k\Omega \pm 5\%$ resistors (0603)
R5	1	330k $\Omega$ ±5% resistor (0603)
U1	1	MAX1553ETA (8-pin TDFN)
U2	1	MAX1554ETA (8-pin TDFN)
None	4	Shunts, 2-position
None	1	MAX1553EVKIT PC board

## **General Description**

The MAX1553 evaluation kit (EV kit) is a fully assembled and tested circuit board with two complete circuits for evaluating the MAX1553 and MAX1554 white LED step-up converters. The MAX1553 circuit operates from 2.7V to 5.5V and delivers an adjustable 0 to 20mA to drive up to six white LEDs connected in series. The MAX1554 circuit operates from 3.15V to 5.5V and delivers an adjustable 0 to 20mA for driving up to 10 white LEDs in series.

DESIGNATION	QTY	DESCRIPTION
C1	1	4.7µF ±10%, 6.3V X5R capacitor (0603) Panasonic ECJ1VB0J475K or equivalent
C2, C7	2	0.47µF ±20%, 50V X7R capacitors (1206) TDK C3216X7R1H474M or equivalent
C3, C6	2	0.1µF ±10%, 50V X7R capacitors (0603) TDK C1608X7R1H104KT or equivalent
C4, C5	0	Not installed
C8	1	10μF ±20%, 6.3V X5R capacitor (0805) Panasonic ECJ2FB0J106M or Taiyo Yuden JMK212BJ106MG
C9	1	4700pF ±10%, 50V X7R ceramic capacitor (0603) TDK C1608X7R1H472K or equivalent
C10	1	3300pF ±10%, 50V X7R ceramic capacitor (0603) TDK C1608X7R1H332K or equivalent

## M/IXI/M

\_ Maxim Integrated Products 1

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim/Dallas Direct! at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

**Component Suppliers** 

TOKO

SUPPLIER PHONE		WEBSITE	
Central Semiconductor	631-435-1110	www.centralsemi.com	
Kamaya	260-489-1533	www.kamaya.com	
Murata	814-237-1431	www.murata.com	
Nichia	248-352-6575	www.nichia.com	
Panasonic	714-373-7939	www.panasonic.com	
Sumida	847-956-0666	www.sumida.com	
Taiyo Yuden	408-573-4150	www.t-yuden.com	
TDK	847-803-6100	www.component.tdk.com	

**Note:** Please indicate that you are using the MAX1553/MAX1554 when contacting these component suppliers.

847-297-0070

## \_Recommended Equipment

www.toko.com

Power supply capable of providing 2.7V to 5.5V at up to 1A.

## \_Quick Start

#### MAX1553 Circuit

Follow the steps below to verify operation of the MAX1553 circuit. Do not turn on the power supply until all connections are completed:

- 1) Verify that the pins of JU1 are shorted.
- 2) Verify that the pins of JU2 are shorted across pins 2-3.
- 3) Preset the power supply to between 2.7V and 5.5V.
- 4) Turn off the power supply.
- 5) Connect positive power-supply terminal to the pad on the EV kit labeled IN1.
- 6) Connect power-supply ground terminal to the pad on the EV kit labeled GND1.
- 7) Turn on the power supply and verify that the LEDs are lit.

#### MAX1554 Circuit

Follow the steps below to verify operation of the MAX1554 circuit. **Do not turn on the power supply until all connections are completed:** 

- 1) Verify that the pins of JU9 are shorted.
- 2) Verify that the pins of JU8 are shorted across pins 2-3.
- 3) Preset the power supply to between 3.15V and 5.5V.
- 4) Turn off the power supply.
- 5) Connect the positive power-supply terminal to the pad on the EV kit labeled IN2.

- 6) Connect the power-supply ground terminal to the pad on the EV kit labeled GND2.
- 7) Turn on the power supply and verify that the LEDs are lit.

## **Detailed Description**

### **Evaluating the MAX1553**

#### Shutdown

To place the part in low-power shutdown mode, short pins 1 and 2 of JU2. For normal operation, short pins 2 and 3 of JU2.

#### Controlling LED Intensity

LED intensity can be controlled using the BRT1 input. BRT1 can be used either as an analog or digital input. When using BRT1, remove the shunt from JU1. Connect a 0 to 1.72V voltage source to BRT1, where 0V corresponds to the dimmest setting and 1.72V is full brightness. Ground the voltage source to AGND1. A digital PWM signal (100Hz to 10kHz) can also be connected directly to BRT1. In this case, 0% duty cycle corresponds to the dimmest setting and 100% corresponds to the brightest.

#### Changing the Number of LEDs

The MAX1553 can be used to drive two to six LEDs, and the MAX1553 EV kit comes configured for driving six LEDs. To evaluate the MAX1553 driving fewer than six LEDs, short the pads of the unused LEDs. For convenience, JU3 can be used to short LEDs D2 and D3 for four LED operation.

#### Connecting External LEDs to the EV Kit

Surface-mount white LEDs come installed on the EV kit, but it can also be connected to an external LED string. To connect external LEDs, cut the trace shorting JU4. Then, connect the anode of the series string to OUT1+ and connect the cathode of the series string to OUT1-.

#### Using Separate Supplies to Power the IC and Boost

In some applications, the MAX1553 IC and the boost inductor are powered from different supplies. For example, the IC can be powered with a 3.3V logic supply and the boost inductor can be connected to a battery. This is useful if the battery voltage is lower than the operating range of the MAX1553.

To use different supplies for the IC and boost, cut the trace shorting JU5 on the solder side of the EV kit, then install a 0.1 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor in C4. Connect a 2.7V to 5.5V power supply to VCC1 to power the IC. Connect another power supply to IN1 (the voltage range is not limited to the IC supply range). Ground both power supplies at GND1.



#### Evaluating the MAX1554 Shutdown

To place the part in low-power shutdown mode, short pins 1 and 2 of JU8. For normal operation, short pins 2 and 3 of JU8.

#### Controlling LED Intensity

LED intensity can be controlled using the BRT2 input. BRT2 can be used either as an analog or digital input. When using BRT2, remove the shunt from JU9. Connect a 0 to 1.72V voltage source to BRT2, where 0V corresponds to the dimmest setting and 1.72V is full brightness. Ground the voltage source to AGND2. A digital PWM signal (100Hz to 10kHz) can also be connected directly to BRT2. In this case, 0% duty cycle corresponds to the dimmest setting and 100% corresponds to the brightest.

#### Changing the Number of LEDs

The MAX1554 can be used to drive up to 10 LEDs. If fewer than 10 LEDs are used, short the pads of the unused LEDs.

#### Connecting External LEDs to the EV Kit

To connect external LEDs, cut the trace shorting JU7, then connect the anode of the series string to OUT2+ and connect the cathode of the series string to OUT2-.

#### Using Separate Supplies to Power the IC and Boost

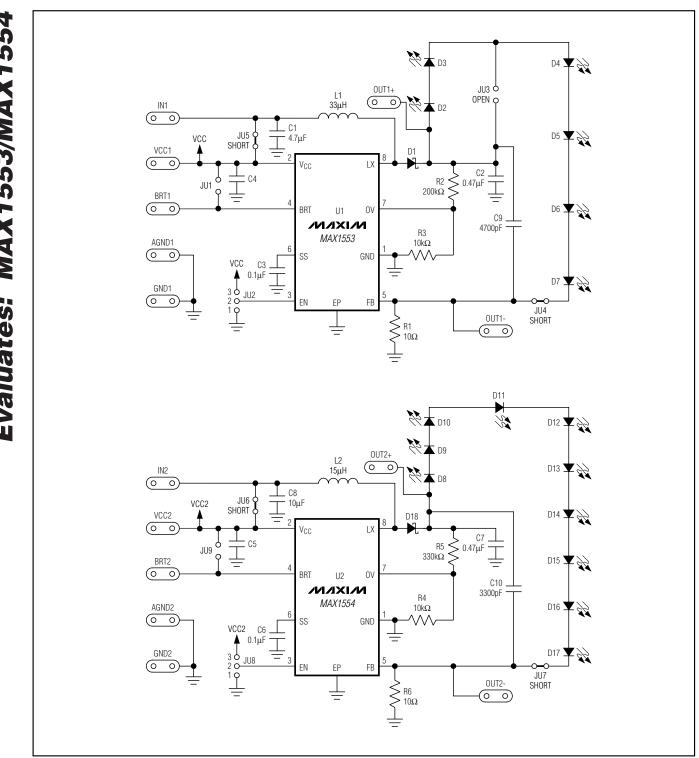
To use different supplies for the IC and boost, cut the trace shorting JU6 on the solder side of the EV kit; then, install a  $0.1\mu$ F ceramic capacitor in C5. Connect a 2.7V to 5.5V power supply to VCC2 to power the IC. Connect another power supply to IN2 (voltage range is not limited to the IC supply range). Ground both power supplies at GND2.

#### Table 1. MAX1553 Circuit Jumper Functions

JUMPER	FUNCTION	DEFAULT SETTING
JU1	Connects $V_{CC}$ to BRT when no separate BRT control signal is used.	Shorted.
JU2	EN Control. Jumper pin 1 to pin 2 for shutdown. Jumper pin 2 to pin 3 for enable.	Jumper 2 to 3. Enabled.
JU3	Bypasses two of the six LEDs for four LED testing.	Open. Six LED operation.
JU4	Connects on-board LEDs. Cut the PC board trace to power other LEDs.	Shorted for on-board LEDs.
JU5	The PC board trace connects $V_{CC}$ to IN for single-supply operation. Cut the trace to separately power $V_{CC}$ and IN.	Shorted for single-supply operation.

### Table 2. MAX1554 Circuit Jumper Functions

JUMPER	FUNCTION	DEFAULT SETTING
JU6	PC board trace connects $V_{CC}$ to IN for single-supply operation. Cut the trace to separately power $V_{CC}$ and IN.	Shorted for single-supply operation.
JU7	Connects on-board LEDs. Cut the PC board trace to power other LEDs.	Shorted for on-board LEDs.
JU8	EN Control. Jumper pin 1 to pin 2 for shutdown. Jumper pin 2 to pin 3 for enable.	Jumper 2 to 3. Enabled.
JU9	Connects $V_{CC}$ to BRT when no separate BRT control signal is used.	Shorted.



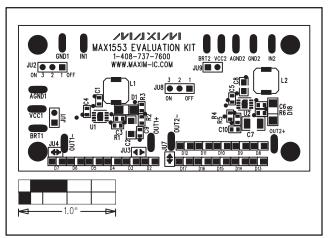


Figure 2. MAX1553 EV Kit Component Placement—Component Side

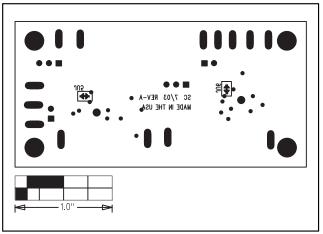


Figure 3. MAX1553 EV Kit Component Placement—Solder Side

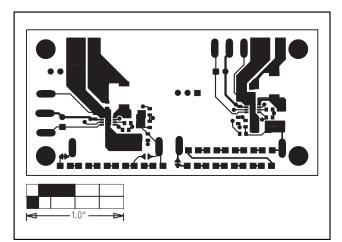


Figure 4. MAX1553 EV Kit PC Board Layout—Component Side

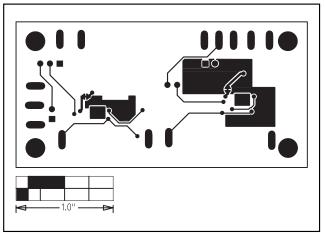


Figure 5. MAX1553 EV Kit PC Board Layout—Solder Side

Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.

#### Maxim Integrated Products, 120 San Gabriel Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 408-737-7600 \_

© 2003 Maxim Integrated Products Printed USA MAXIM is a registered trademark of Maxim Integrated Products.

5